

# Data, Logic, and Computing

ECS 17 (Winter 2026)

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## Homework 7

### Exercise 1

Determine the truth values of the following statements; justify your answers:

- a)  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, (n + 2) > n$
- b)  $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, 2n = 3n$
- c)  $\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}, 3n \leq 4n$
- d)  $\exists x \in \mathbb{R}, x^4 < x^2$

### Exercise 2

Show that the following statements are true.

- a) Let  $x$  be a real number. Prove that if  $x^3$  is irrational, then  $x$  is irrational.
- b) Let  $x$  be a positive real number. Prove that if  $x$  is irrational, then  $\sqrt{x}$  is irrational.
- c) Prove or disprove that if  $a$  and  $b$  are two rational numbers, then  $a^b$  is also a rational number.
- d) let  $n$  be a natural number. Show that  $n$  is even if and only if  $3n + 8$  is even.
- e) Prove that either  $4 \times 10^{769} + 22$  or  $4 \times 10^{769} + 23$  is not a perfect square. Is your proof constructive, or non-constructive?

Note: for question e), a natural number  $n$  is a perfect square if there exists a natural number  $q$  such that  $n = q^2$ . For example, 4, 9, 16, 25, ... are all perfect squares while 2, 3, 5, 6, ... are not.

### Exercise 3

Let  $n$  be a natural number and let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  be a set of  $n$  real numbers. Prove that at least one of these numbers is greater than, or equal to the average of these numbers. What kind of proof did you use?

## Exercise 4

Use Exercise 3 to show that if the first 10 strictly positive integers are placed around a circle, in any order, then there exist three integers in consecutive locations around the circle that have a sum greater than or equal to 17.