Simplified Master Theorem

A recurrence relation of the following form:

 $T(n) = c \quad n < c_1$ = $aT(n/b) + \Theta(n^i), \quad n \ge c_1$

Has as its solution:

1) If $a > b^i$ then $T(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_b a})$ (Work is increasing as we go down the tree, so this is the number of leaves in the recursion tree).

2) If $a = b^i$ then $T(n) = \Theta(n^i \log_b n)$ (Work is the same at each level of the tree, so the work is the height, $\log_b n$, times work/level).

3) If $a < b^i$ then $T(n) = \Theta(n^i)$ (Work is going down as we go down the tree, so dominated by the initial work at the root).