

### Introduction to Data Science

- 1. A paradigm shift in Science
- 2. What is "Big Data"?
- 3. Learning from Data / Data Science Artificial Intelligence

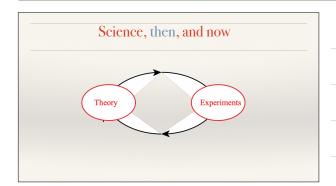
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### Science, then, and now

- For a long time, people thought that it would be enough to reason about the existing knowledge to explore everything there is to know.
- One single person could possess all knowledge in her cultural context. (encyclopedia of Diderot and D'Alembert)
- Reasoning, and mostly passive observation were the main techniques in scientific research

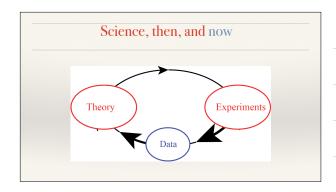


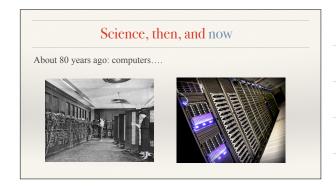


## Science, then, and now

"All science is either physics, or stamp collecting"

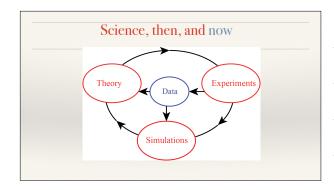
Rutherford, chemist and physicist, 1876-1937





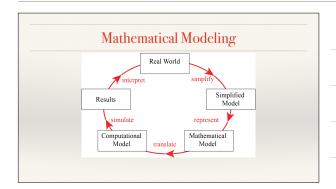
### Science, then, and now

- ➤ Computer simulations developed hand-in-hand with the rapid growth of computers.
- >A computer simulation is a computer program that attempts to simulate an abstract model of a particular system.
- ➤ Computer simulations complement theory and experiments, and often integrate them
- ➤They are becoming widesepread in: Computational Physics, Chemistry, Mechanics, Materials, ..., Biology



## Mathematical Modeling

- > Is often used in place of experiments when they are too large, too expensive, too dangerous, or too time consuming.
- Can be useful in "what if" studies; e.g. to investigate the use of pathogens (viruses, bacteria) to control an insect population.
- ➤ Is a modern tool for scientific investigation.





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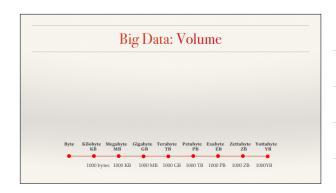
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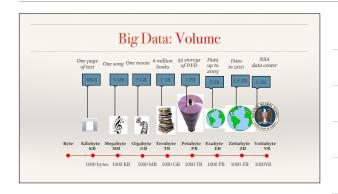
### The three I's of Big Data

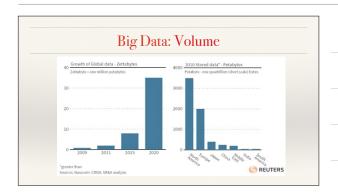
### Big Data:

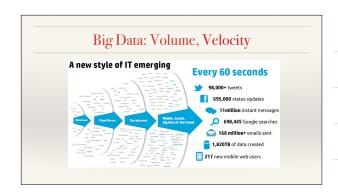
- Immediate (we need to do something about it now)
- Intimidating (what if we don't)
- Ill-defined (what is it?)

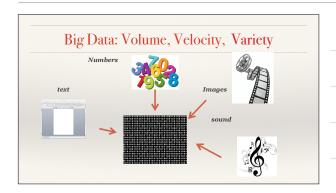
(loosely adapted from Forbes)

















### Social Consequences of Commodity Sequencing

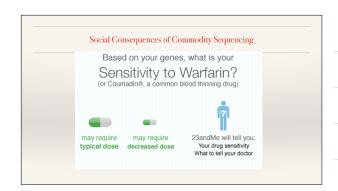
\* The danger of misuse

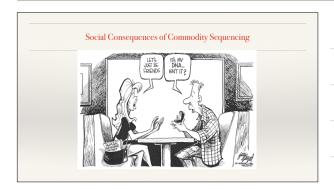
predict sensitivities to various industrial or environmental agents → discrimination by employers?

- \* The impact of information that is likely to be incomplete an indication of a 25 percent increase in the risk of cancer?
- \* Reversal of knowledge paradigm
- Are the "products" of the Human Genome Project to be patented and commercialized?

Myriad genetics and BRCA1/2

\* How to educate about genetic research and its implications?

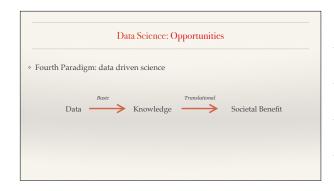


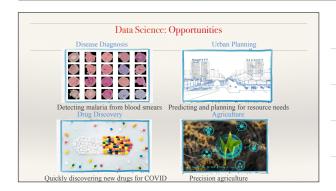


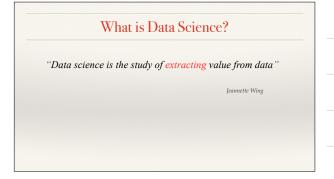
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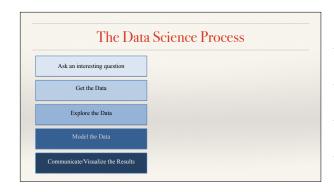
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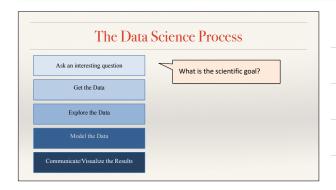
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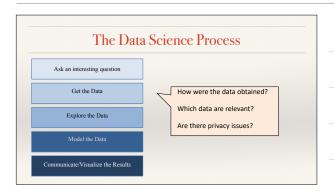


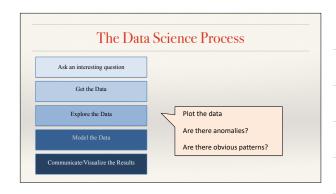


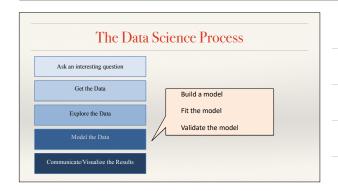


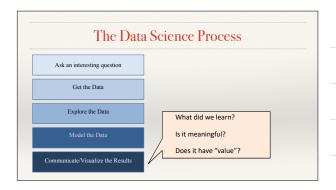












## Supervised learning Glassification of categorization Regression Clustering Dimensionality Reduction

### What is Data Science?

"Data science is the study of extracting value from data"

Jeannette Wing

## Big Data: Challenges

- Volume and Velocity
- \* Variety
- Structured, Unstructured....
- Images, Sound, Numbers, Tables,...
- \* Security
- \* Reliability, Integrity, Validity

## Big Data: Challenges

### Large N:

"Any dataset that is collected by a scientist whose data collection skills are far superior to the analysis tools available in her field"  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right$ 

### Computing issues:

- ➤ Data transfer
- ➤ Scalability of algorithms
- Memory limitations
- Distributed computing

## Big Data: Challenges Vizualization issues: The "black" screen problem

# How to Approach Data Science

