

Name: _____
ID: _____

ECS 20: Discrete Mathematics
Finals
Dec 9 2016

Notes:

- 1) Finals are open book, open notes.
- 2) You have two hours, no more: I will strictly enforce this.
- 3) You can answer directly on these sheets (preferred), or on loose paper.
- 4) Please write your name at the top right of each page you turn in!
- 5) Please, check your work!
- 6) There are 4 parts with a total possible number of points of 110, with an additional 5 points extra credit.

Part I: logic (2 questions, each 10 points; total 20 points)

1) For each of the five propositions in the table below, indicates on the right if they are **tautologies or not** (p and q are propositions).

Proposition	Tautology (Yes or No)
If $1+3 = 5$ then $3 = 6$	
$(p \wedge \neg p) \rightarrow q$	
$(p \vee \neg p) \rightarrow (q \wedge \neg q)$	
if $2+2 = 4$ then $4=5$	
$(p \wedge \neg q) \vee (\neg p \vee q)$	

3) Let us play a logical game. You find yourself in front of two rooms whose doors are closed. If a lady is in Room I, then the sign on the door is true, but if a tiger is in it, the sign is false. In Room II, the situation is the opposite: a lady in the room means the sign on the door is false, and a tiger in the room means the sign is true. It is possible that both rooms contain ladies or both rooms contain tigers, or that one room contains a lady and the other a tiger. Here are the signs:

I Both rooms contain Ladies	II Both rooms contain Ladies
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Can you say what each room contains? Justify your answer

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Part II: proofs and number theory (4 questions; each 10 points; total 40 points)

1) Let a and b be **two strictly positive real numbers**. Use a proof by contradiction to show that if $\frac{a}{1+b} = \frac{b}{1+a}$ then $a = b$.

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2) Let n be a **natural number**. Show that $n(n+1)$ is divisible by 2.

3) Let A , B , and C be three sets in a domain D . Use a proof by contradiction to show that if $A \subset B$ and $B \cap C = \emptyset$ then $A \cap C = \emptyset$.

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4) Evaluate the remainder of the division of 14^{3139} by 17.

Part III. Proof by induction (3 questions; each 10 points; total 30 points)

1) Prove by induction that $3^{2n+1} + 2^{n+2}$ is divisible by 7, for all integers $n \geq 0$

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2 Prove by induction that $4^n - 1$ is divisible by 5, whenever **n** is a **strictly positive even integer**.

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3) Let x and y be two strictly positive integers. We consider the equation:

$$(x^2 + xy - y^2)^2 = 1 \tag{1}$$

if the pair (x,y) satisfies this Equation (1), it is called a solution to (1).

Let now a_n be the sequence defined by: $a_0 = a_1 = 1$ and $a_{n+2} = a_{n+1} + a_n$. Show by induction that (a_n, a_{n+1}) is a solution to Equation (1) for all $n \geq 0$.

Part IV. Counting. (2 problems; each 10 points; total 20 points)

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1) Let $A = \{a, b, c\}$ be a set with three elements. We call a , b , and c “letters”. How many words of length n can we form with only letters from A that contain at least one of each letter from A ?

2) Show that if **eleven distinct integer numbers** are selected in the set $S = \{1, 2, \dots, 20\}$, there are (at least) two of them whose difference is equal to 5.

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Part V. Extra credit (one problem, 5 points)

Let n be a strictly positive integer. Use **strong induction** to show that $\sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^i i^2 = (-1)^n \sum_{i=1}^n i$ for all $n \geq 0$