

5.17 The recosystem Package

The **recosystem** package does matrix factorization specifically for recommender systems, i.e. specifically for settings in which the matrix A has many missing values. It's written by experts in numerical matrix factorization, and features a number of useful options.

Below is a **recosystem** session using the small MovieLens data. Let's suppose we've already decided on rank $k = 20$, say by cross validation, and now we'll go back to using the full dataset for our predictions.

```
> library(recosystem)
# recosystem uses 'R6' R objects; all action will take place within r;
# typically the output of a function will be stored as a new component in r
> r <- Reco()
> ml <- read.table('u.data',header=F)
# need to create an object of class 'DataSource', specifying which
# columns are user IDs, item IDs and ratings
> ml.trn <- data_memory(ml[,1],ml[,2],ml[,3],index1=TRUE)

# do the factorization, with rank 20; do use NMF
> r$train(ml.trn,opts=list(dim=20,nmf=TRUE))
iter      tr_rmse          obj
  0       2.0381  5.0056e+05
  1       1.0296  1.7402e+05
  2       0.9529  1.6028e+05
  3       0.9449  1.5868e+05
  4       0.9418  1.5811e+05
  5       0.9397  1.5774e+05
  6       0.9382  1.5749e+05
  7       0.9371  1.5729e+05
  8       0.9362  1.5713e+05
  9       0.9355  1.5701e+05
 10      0.9348  1.5690e+05
 11      0.9343  1.5681e+05
 12      0.9338  1.5673e+05
 13      0.9334  1.5666e+05
 14      0.9330  1.5660e+05
 15      0.9327  1.5654e+05
 16      0.9324  1.5649e+05
 17      0.9321  1.5645e+05
 18      0.9318  1.5641e+05
 19      0.9316  1.5637e+05
```

```
# training went for 20 iterations; RMSE is the square root
#      of mean squared error
# for large data, write to disk, otherwise in memory
> result <- r$output(out_memory(),out_memory())
> str(result)
List of 2
 $ P: num [1:943, 1:20] 0.676 0.677 0.574 0.836 0.574 ...
 $ Q: num [1:1682, 1:20] 0.712 0.614 0.568 0.645 0.612 ...
# P and Q are W and H'
> w <- result$P
> h <- t(result$Q)
# let's try a prediction, with a known rating
> head(ml)
      V1   V2   V3       V4
1 196 242   3 881250949
2 186 302   3 891717742
3  22 377   1 878887116
...
> w[22,] %*% h[,377]
      [,1]
[1,] 2.196976
# or just have recosystem do it for us
> preds <- r$predict(ml.trn,out_memory())
> head(preds)
[1] 3.979107 4.212397 2.196976 3.601082 3.900878 4.467487
```